

# PIECE OF BLOODY HANDKERCHIEF MAY SOLVE A MURDER

Police Are Trying To Fasten Chee Killing Upon Yee Yo Keuk, Bandit

## TESTIMONY AT INQUEST TENDS TO POINT TO HIM

Women Who Have Been Summoned Are Expected To Give Important Testimony

From evidence presented at the inquest held yesterday afternoon on Chee Wong Yee, real collector for E. C. Winston, who was shot and killed early last Thursday morning in a tenement house near the junction of King and Beretania streets, it looks as if the wounded Korean on duty, Yee Yo Keuk, at present lying in the police emergency hospital, may be charged with the crime.

Near the place where Yee was killed was found a piece of a handkerchief marked "Lee," a similar mark being found on other articles of clothing belonging to Yee Yo Keuk, who has admitted to the police that his real name is Lee Yo Keuk and that he used the name of Lee frequently.

At the same time Keuk denies that two marked handkerchiefs found in the servant's quarters back of the Villa Lani, where he lived, belonged to him. Keuk's undergarments, shirt and all of his clothing are marked "Lee."

Unfortunately for the strength of the circumstantial evidence, the portion of the handkerchief bearing the name of Lee has been lost, and, despite diligent efforts to find it, cannot be recovered.

**Important Witnesses Expected**  
At four o'clock the inquest was adjourned until two o'clock this afternoon, when new and important witnesses will be called, including two women who are expected to testify to having seen a man closely resembling Yee Yo Keuk run from the house where the murder was committed, to the spot where the torn handkerchief was found.

The police are of the opinion that the slayer of the Korean cut his hand by poking it through the broken glass in the window of the room in which the murder was committed, and then stashed the flow of blood with his handkerchief, afterward seeking to destroy the incriminating piece of linen by tearing it in half and throwing away the portion on which the name was written. It is believed that he made a mistake and threw away the wrong half at the spot about 200 feet from the room in which the man was killed, where it was found by a Japanese.

Dr. R. G. Ayer testified that death was caused by a bullet wound in the head, made by a 38-caliber bullet. He did not think it possible that the wound was self-inflicted.

Mrs. Kanaka, a Japanese woman who lives in a camp close to the place where the murder was committed, testified that at about two o'clock on Thursday morning she heard three shots fired and called the attention of her husband to the incident.

**Find 'Lee' On Clothing**  
Sergeant Kellett of the detective bureau testified that the preceding with news had told him of the half of a handkerchief being found, and that he had found the name "Lee" marked on articles of clothing belonging to Yee Yo Keuk. He knew that Keuk sometimes went by the name of Lee. He said that Keuk had admitted to him that the under clothing was his and that his real name was Lee Yo Keuk. The witness said that on examining the room in which the shooting took place he found that a bullet had ploughed through a pillow of the bed on which Chee was found lying. There was powder marks on the pillow. He stated that near a little house facing the building to which the Korean was killed he found half of a blood-stained handkerchief, a portion of the border of which was missing. He had since learned that a strip bearing the name "Lee" had been torn from the handkerchief and been lost. He had made a search of the garbage dumps in hope of recovering the missing fragment but had been unsuccessful in his effort.

Kellett stated that about a month ago Chee Wong Yee had reported to the chief of detectives that Yee Yo Keuk had stuck a gun through the window of his room and had threatened that some day he would kill him. Chee was the man who was influential in bringing about the apprehension of Keuk after he had made his first escape from jail, through the artifice of giving him drugs.

**Part of Bloody Handkerchief**  
T. Yokugawa, reporter of the Hawaii Shippu, stated that on the morning of the murder he visited the scene and that a Japanese named Mitsuka brought half of a bloodstained handkerchief to him, which he said he had found back of a bath house near Chee's room. Yokugawa found the name "Lee" on the border of the handkerchief and cut it off with a pair of scissors leaving the remainder where Mitsuka had found it. When he got back to the office he gave the cut portion to another reporter named Sugawa who lost it.

Masao Sugawa corroborated the testimony of the preceding witness. K. Mitsuka, by Lee, Suino Tomi and G. Tuya also were called.

Worth O. Alken returned in the Chulidne yesterday afternoon to his home in Makawao, Maui.

# PLANTATIONS GIVE FREELY TO MILITIA

Their Contributions Thus Far To National Guard Are Equivalent To \$89,080

According to a report submitted yesterday to Governor Pinkham by Brig. Gen. Samuel I. Johnson, adjutant-general of the Territory, twenty-one plantations throughout the islands have come forward with assistance of a substantial form in the work of retraining and extending the National Guard of Hawaii. The hearty cooperation of the corporations is in gratifying to the commander-in-chief of the citizen soldiers of the Territory and his aide adjutant-general, and the report filed by the latter shows that in one form or another the plantations have given to the cause of property and other support what is equivalent to \$89,080. General Johnson's report to the Governor is as follows:

"The report shows that all a pledge of hearty cooperation with the Governor's policy for increasing the National Guard of Hawaii in numbers and efficiency, twenty-one (21) plantations throughout the islands have donated land for rifle ranges, funds for the building of armories and warehouses, grounds for drilling, and transportation for men, and additional guard, to the approximate value of \$89,080. It is estimated that it would have cost the Territory this amount to secure the same allowances, all of which are necessary for the proper training and maintenance of new organizations of the guard."

"The items for transportation of soldiers, and for the support of companies, are estimated on a yearly basis."

"The several items enumerated above are segregated as follows:  
Company and battalion drill grounds, \$10,300  
Armories, drill sheds, and rooms for military assemblies, \$8,700  
Land donated for rifle ranges, \$9,800  
Motor and horse transportation computed on an annual basis, \$8,000  
Purchase of machine gun, 1,000  
Support of two companies at \$20 per month each, 480  
Total, \$89,080

General Johnson will leave today for the island of Hawaii, accompanied by a regular army sergeant who will act as instructor of the militia forces on the Big Island. The general will attend to organization work yet to be done in Hawaii and expects to be away from the capital several days.

# CARNIVAL POSTERS RECEIVED ON COAST

Great Northern Pacific Company Wants 250 More To Distribute To Agents

Walter Scott, distributing agent for the promotion committee's literature on the Pacific Coast, has written that the Carnival posters received had been distributed to the Oceanic, Matson, and Great Northern Pacific steamship companies. The Great Northern has requested an additional allotment over the 250 which it received. Mr. Scott reports that there are many inquiries from Boston, Cleveland, and St. Paul passengers against for folders on the line, and requests that the new literature be forwarded to him for distribution as soon as possible.

The "Ocean News," which is the little paper gotten out aboard ship on the Atlantic and Pacific, has a story in its new issue by A. P. Taylor in which the benefits of the Territory are shown both in descriptive matter and pictures. This paper has the largest circulation on both coasts and the work of getting out the body of the sheet is done by the Life Publishing Company of New York City.

Among the folk attracted to Hawaii by the advertising campaign of the promotion committee are Thomas Mackay, editor of the Santa Fe railroad magazine, and J. W. White, a well-known correspondent for the Denver Post, and several leading papers of the West. He is on his way to Australia, accompanied by a photographer, and will remain here about two weeks on the down trip and possibly write several illustrated stories of what he sees. Both of these visitors will be here in the Great Northern on her next visit.

The Missouri newspaper which felt so much out of step over the fact that Hawaii had admitted a successful issue the observance of Mark Twain day, instead of the native state of the writer, has been written to by Secretary Taylor of the promotion committee to inform that while Missouri is noted for writing, it is shown, it was in this case the luck of little Hawaii to show her light side, which could be done in the matter of recalling the memory of Missouri's famous son, but that the work was started and kept going by a son of Missouri who is Taylor. He was born in St. Louis.

## COURT PUTS BAN ON FIGHT FILMS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)  
WASHINGTON, December 13.—The United States supreme court today held constitutional the law of 1912 prohibiting the importing of films of prize fights for exhibitions. The decision was in connection with the films of the Willard-Johnson championship fight at Havana.

# JUDGE WILDER HITS WASHINGTON WITH 'BEE IN BONNET'

He Is Convinced Mr. Pinkham Will Resign Or Decline Another Term

## STRAWS BLOW VAUGHAN'S WAY FOR FEDERAL COURT

Sugar Clause of Bourbon Tariff Simply May Be Continued To Specific Date

By ERNEST G. WALKER

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)  
WASHINGTON, December 3.—For Judge Wilder constitutes the vanguard of Hawaiians traveling this way at the beginning of the session. He has begun industriously on the several strands that concern his visit to Washington, including some business before the Supreme Court of the United States. He has an appointment with Secretary of the Interior Lane tomorrow and hopes to have a frank talk about conditions in the islands. Judge Wilder said this evening he felt assured that the interior department was standing by Governor Pinkham, but asked if the report in Honolulu had been circulating here to the effect that Governor Pinkham would resign on account of ill health.

Convinced Pinkham Will Quit  
"I am convinced," added the judge, "that Governor Pinkham is either about to resign or that he will decline another term in 1917, when his present term has expired. I am a candidate for the place. I do not quite understand about the duties of the interior department of Public Works. He came up on the steamer with me but has not arrived yet in Washington. The Governor asked permission to come to Washington but this was refused and, I understand, the Governor has sent Mr. Forbes on here in his stead to talk about several matters, including his proposal that the customs revenue of Hawaii be segregated and used for local purposes."

"Of course, there is little chance anything like that will be done. It seems peculiar the Governor should have recommended it without having first consulted the department."

**Texas In Favor of Vaughan**  
Judge Wilder called today at the department of justice to discuss the case of Judge Dole but found the assistant secretary unable to find the matter up. He was referred, however, to Assistant Attorney General Graham, who will have a talk with Judge Wilder tomorrow. The latter doubts whether Judge Dole will be reappointed. He has conferred with senators of the judiciary committee about an amendment that would permit judges of the federal court in Hawaii who have served ten years and are past seventy years of age to retire on full pay. Judge Wilder hopes to advance this measure in the hope that it will insure to the benefit of Judge Dole. He finds that Texas senators and, possibly, Postmaster-General Burleson favor the reappointment of Attorney Vaughan to succeed Judge Dole.

Other Hawaiian travelers are expected here shortly, probably in season to witness the congressional activities of the first week of the session.

**Billion On Sugar Tariff**  
Former Judge Ballou said today he had been inquiring about the form the President's recommendations for reduction of duties on sugar would take.

"I hope," he added, "that the President will favor the repeal of the present sugar provision, by which duties eventually were to be removed altogether. I am afraid, however, it will not take that form but will be a continuation of the duties till some specific date."

Mr. Decha, secretary to the Delegate, stated this afternoon he had no information as to when the latter would arrive in Washington, but expected him shortly.

Chairman Sparkman of the house rivers and harbors committee, after conference today with President Wilson, announced as was anticipated some weeks ago, there would be no new bills on the rivers and harbors appropriations at the forthcoming session. This, if adhered to, as it probably will be, sounds the knell for two or three new projects in Hawaii.

**Eyes On Makaha Site**  
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Newton said this afternoon there was nothing particularly new about the Honolulu public building.

"The owners of the Irwin site," he asserted, "have fixed a price that is too high and is more than the Government will pay. I have asked the owners of the Sprinkles site to modify their bid and am waiting to obtain their reply. If neither of these sites is sold for a reasonable sum we can build on the Makaha site. I do not want to do that but will if I have to."

## MRS. WOOD VIOLATES TRAFFIC ORDINANCE

Mrs. C. B. Wood, charged with violation of the traffic ordinance, was found guilty and received a suspended sentence of thirteen months in the police court yesterday morning. Officer Perry who made the arrest, said that Mrs. Wood disregarded the signal made to stop at the street intersection, and after being called, drove from the corner without ascertaining the reason for the arrest. Mrs. Wood denied violating the ordinance in question and said: "I have no recollection of the incident cited by the officer."

# AMERICAN LINE FOR ORIENT RUN

Pacific Mail Has Been Succeeded By Maritime Company Backed By Rockefeller

(Concluded from Page 1)  
enter the transpacific service under the Pacific Mail flag.

## PACIFIC MAIL HAD MANY VESSELS

Besides the Manchuria, Mongolia, Korea, Siberia, China, Persia and Nile of the Transpacific fleet, and the Baracosta, recently condemned and sold to be used as a barge, the Pacific Mail fleet was as follows, ships and net tonnage being given:

Arabs	92
Aztecs	2,398
City of Paris	2,504
City of Sydney	1,906
Costa Rica	1,107
Isabel	1,127
Newport	2,806
Pennsylvania	2,707
Persia	1,728
San Juan	1,490

Only seven of these were in the Pacific service. Recently the capital stock of the Pacific Mail was reduced from \$20,000,000 to \$11,000,000, and a dividend of \$300,000 was ordered, payable December 15. The reduction was made so that a dividend could be paid, as the laws of New York prohibited payment of dividends out of capital. When the dividend of \$25 was ordered the par value of shares was changed from \$100 to \$25. Payments to stockholders were in the form of a company in excess of \$1,000,000.

Some of the stockholders at this time asked what the policy of the company would be and they were told that it would continue to operate its seven ships in the Pacific Coast trade until a buyer could be found, as it probably would take a while longer to break even in the trade to Panama and Central America.

The steamer Aztec was here this month under charter to W. R. Grace & Co., for whom she had sailed to Australia. W. R. Grace & Co. will be agents for the new line. They are agents for the Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Company, whose sailing between New York and San Francisco have been suspended temporarily by the Panama Canal blockade, and for the Johnson line of Swedish motor vessels, and recently they announced a new fortnightly service from San Francisco to Central American ports.

# GREAT BORE THROUGH KOOLAU RANGE BREAKS UNDER MIGHTY SMASH

At half-past two yesterday afternoon the great bore being made through the Koolau range broke through and the workmen at each face were able to exchange hearty congratulations and see each other through the orifice that had been smashed into the six and a half foot partition, which is all that is left of the miles of rock that separated the bowels of the Koolau. It is found that the alignments are perfect. This fact is one that engineers may not wonder over, but which certainly will impress the average layman.

The opening through of the last of the rock partition made yesterday is of sufficient size to allow a comparison to be made of the floor levels and wall lines in the tunnels that have been working to meet each other in the bowels of the Koolau. It is found that the alignments are perfect. This fact is one that engineers may not wonder over, but which certainly will impress the average layman.

The blasting away of the last impediment to free passage from one side of the range to the other, deep under ground, will not complete the big irrigation project by any means of means, but it will bring to an end the one part of the contract which has established records and which has called for all the nerve, grit and talent of the engineers in charge.

There is yet a considerable amount of cementing to be done in the tunnels and laterals, but this is only routine work. So far as the biggest tunneling job ever accomplished in the Territory and the carrying through of the most ambitious irrigation project in the world is concerned, the shot to be fired by Mr. Jorgenson this morning will finish it.

# MARSHAL SMIDDY WILL SELL LIBELED SCHOONER

At noon tomorrow in Pier 17, Marshal Smiddy will sell at public auction to satisfy judgment creditors the American schooner J. M. Weatherwax and so much of her cargo of lumber, valued at \$23,000, as may be required to cover the amount of the judgments, attorneys' fees, marshal's and court costs.

# WALALEE MUTINY TALE BEING TOLD JURY IN COURT

Eleven Reform School Inmates On Trial For Unlawful Assembly Before Ashford

## JUDGE THREATENS TO SEND LAWYER QUINN TO 'REEF'

Female Relatives Pack Audience Chamber—Case May Go To Jury Soon

Grandmother, mothers and girl cousins of the fifteen Walalee School boys charged with unlawful assembly indicted Judge Ashford's court yesterday, when the trial began before a jury. Judge Ashford asked that all who might later be called upon as witnesses in the case leave the room.

"There are many here," said Clem K. Quinn, who is generalissimo in charge of the defense of the alleged mutineers, whom I might call upon as witnesses. Your Honor, Mothers, grandmothers, wives, aunts and sisters are here." Quinn continued, waving his hand in the general direction of the vast feminine audience.

"They surely were not all down at Walalee, were they?" Judge Ashford asked, expressing some astonishment. "The rule of the court stands; witnesses must leave the courtroom."

Quinn advanced to the line of seated defendants and placed his hand on the early looks of one of them.

**Quinn Pleads for Mother**  
"Now, Your Honor," insisted Quinn, "the mother of this boy is here and I will call her. I'd like to have her stay in the room."

Quinn looked appealingly at City Attorney Brown.

"You don't object, do you?" he asked.

"Oh, what's the use," Mr. Brown replied, "let 'em all remain. Your Honor."

"Well, let it go at that," Judge Ashford decided, the preceding jury, and the feminine contingent remained in court.

This was only one of several interesting incidents of the day. One other was when Judge Ashford threatened to send Attorney Quinn to the "reef."

Quinn had objected to the order in which the court had decided peremptory challenges were to be exercised respectively by the prosecution and the defense. The prosecution was to have all told, three challenges, and the defense two for each of the eleven defendants present. After the jury had been passed for cause by both sides and the prosecution had waived its first peremptory challenge, Quinn renewed his objection.

**Send Defender to 'Reef'**  
"I don't think this is the right way of going about this thing, and I..." Quinn was saying, when the explosion came.

"Sit down, Mr. Quinn," came the peremptory order from the bench. There was power and volume of voice. "It reached the far recesses of the room with such force that several in the audience, who had been dozing, woke up with a startled and frightened look in their faces."

"The court has ruled," continued Judge Ashford, "and, Mr. Quinn, if you don't obey the orders of this court I will send you over to the 'reef.' I won't stand for any more of your nonsense. Proceed with the case."

Attorney Quinn proceeded with the case. He examined Talmadge Minton and Burroughs and shortly after the jury was accepted and sworn in to try the case.

**Peter August Freed**  
Before the jury was called the charge was against Peter August was held as against the government. He was held as against the government. He was held as against the government.

Of the fifteen boys indicted, reduced in number to fourteen when August was allowed to go free, three were not in court yesterday. Like John Joseph Burroughs and Charles G. Bartlett, they are still fugitives from justice. These are Dan Kanaha, whose name came first in the indictment, John Kana-kamaka and Keoho Kamalii.

The eleven boy-defendants now on trial are Sam Mafai, William Tripp, David Lele, G. Kahepa, David Hawaii, Domingo Lopez, Kaheka Baker, Kupahe Kapaleia, William Keolaha, August Botelino and Henry West.

The story of the Walalee "mutiny" and the escape of the present defendants, who are charged with being the ringleaders of the unlawful assembly, was told from the witness stand yesterday by John Thompson, a young teacher at the institution, and John M. Johnson, the assistant superintendent there.

**Thompson Tells of 'Mutiny'**  
Thompson claimed that the pilikia arose on Sunday afternoon, November 21, when he gently shoved Peter August into line at the time the inmates were being marched to the dining room for their kaulapa. David Hawaii and two others, whom the witness indicted by the number they were at the reform school, had been chastised that day. They had been lashed for insubordination and an insult directed by one of the three at Thompson, who, himself, chastised the boy.

In answer to one of a number of questions asked by Judge Ashford, Thompson claimed that the food given the boys at the institution was what he came and that it was sufficient to satisfy the average hungry young chap. The testimony of Assistant Superintendent Johnson was practically the same as that given by Thompson. The trial will be resumed at nine o'clock this morning and it is expected that this case will go to the jury either today or tomorrow.

# LATER FRONTS

San Francisco—Arrived, Dec. 10, Str. Hilonian from Hilo, Dec. 3.

Port San Luis—Sailed, Dec. 9, Str. Santa Maria for Honolulu.

San Francisco—Sailed, Dec. 10, str. Shoshone for Honolulu.

San Francisco—Arrived, str. Great Northern, 10:45 p. m., hence Dec. 6.

Yokohama—Sailed, Dec. 11, Str. Tenryu Maru, for Honolulu.

Makunoha—Sailed, Dec. 9, Str. Annie Johnson, for San Francisco.

Yokohama—Sailed, Dec. 7, Str. Persia Maru for Honolulu.

Eureka—Sailed, Dec. 12, Str. Wilmington for Honolulu.

Port Allen—Arrived, Dec. 12, Bark British Yeoman from Newcastle.

Seattle—Sailed, Dec. 13, str. Minnesota for Honolulu.

## PORT OF HONOLULU

**ARRIVED**  
Str. Helene from Hawaii, 1:20 a. m.

Str. Maui from Hawaii, 5 a. m.

Str. Makura from Sydney, Auckland and Suva, 8:30 a. m.

Str. Waialea from Hawaii, 3:30 a. m.

Str. Mauna Kea from Hilo, 6:45 a. m.

Str. W. G. Hall from Kauai, 4:10 a. m.

Str. Col. E. L. Drake from San Francisco, 11 a. m.

Str. Claudine from Maui, 11:50 p. m., Saturday.

Str. Likilike from Kauai, 12 mid-night.

Str. Mikahala from Molokai, 1:50 a. m.

Str. Kinau from Kauai, 3:05 a. m.

Str. Matsonia from Hilo, 6:20 a. m.

Str. Sierra from San Francisco, 9:45 a. m.

Unidentified steamer, at port, 9:30 p. m.

**DEPARTED**  
U. S. S. Neptun for San Francisco, 9:30 a. m.

Str. Makura for Vancouver, 12:40 p. m.

Str. Helene for Hawaii, 4:10 p. m.

Str. Kunaia Maru for Ocean Island, Str. Claudine for Maui, 5:05 p. m.

U. S. A. T. Dix for Manila, 12 noon.

Str. Kilauea for Hilo and way parties.

Str. Col. E. L. Drake for San Francisco, 6:30 a. m.

Str. Waialea for Hawaii, 12:30 p. m.

Str. Sierra for Sydney, 4 p. m.

Str. Claudine for Maui, 3 p. m.

Str. W. G. Hall for Kauai, 5 p. m.

**PASSENGERS ARRIVED**  
By str. Makura, from Sydney, Auckland and Suva Dec. 10—A. B. Baird, P. J. Byrne, Mince (2) and Master Byrne, Mrs. Hammond, Miss Hammond, Mrs. V. L. Stevenson and child, A. O. Ollson, M. Downes, Mrs. M. Tennant, C. Howers, M. and Mrs. J. E. Birdwell, J. Welsh, W. Welsh, G. A. and Prof. F. O'Neill, L. Holmes, H. Cook, P. McKelvey, Master T. Johnson, G. Dority, R. Walter, A. Taylor, E. Christie, Mr. Zwicky, Mr. Davidson, T. Krikonoff, K. Koro, Mr. Bergo, Messrs. V. and F. Masloff, W. Cosh.

By str. Mauna Kea, Dec. 11. Hilo—C. S. Judd, J. J. Muller and wife, Mrs. E. Cook and servants, Master Cook (4), Miss P. Cook, Sister Suzanne, Sister Tiphany, Mrs. B. A. Mills, Mrs. H. Williams, Mrs. A. Naloe, W. T. Frost and wife, Dr. G. M. Van Pool and wife, H. F. Mariner, T. H. Donohue and wife, F. McDonald and wife, A. H. Henderson, V. Rogers, K. Kita, H. Tenekura, Dr. H. Clements, W. H. Smith, B. Kessen, Mahalo—Mrs. F. Williams, Mr. B. D. Bond, A. Husey, John Hink and wife, H. W. M. Mist, Kawahae—Mrs. W. Nicoll and child, Lahaina—D. E. Balch, E. Baldwin, Brig-Gen. S. E. Johnson, Mrs. M. Meyer, F. T. Schmidt, A. Pries, F. H. Leocy, S. S. Peck, A. M. Hammon, L. T. Lyman, Ray Irwin, Mrs. J. K. Aki, H. Glass, R. A. Drummond.

By str. Kilauea, Dec. 12—Valmei—Miss I. Wainalea, Mrs. O. Liban, Miss Liban, Master Liban, Nawiliwili—Mrs. Z. Johnnet, Tom Yee, Ah Tan, D. Leith, F. M. Ventura, W. A. Rujan, H. Plantington, L. S. White, Mrs. C. B. White, B. D. Baldwin, Mrs. Greenway, B. B. Masdock, E. Copp, W. A. Ramsey, C. M. Thurston, Mrs. F. D'pon, H. B. Waller, E. W. Green, Mr. Hargie, Geo. Kuzell, G. Schaftrank, O. W. Upson, Mrs. Upson, F. J. Hatten, W. O. Crowell, H. P. Faye, J. E. Myers, H. Reinick, and forty-four deck.

By str. Claudine from Maui, Dec. 11—G. A. Scott, M. C. Jardine, Mrs. Jardine, Chun Lin Sang, Miss Von Temp, Mrs. and Col. Temp, D. C. Lindsay, M. P. Rodriguez, Mrs. Rodriguez and two infants, H. Ariza, A. McPhee, N. Shestopol and fifteen deck.

**PASSENGERS DEPARTED**  
By str. Makura, for Victoria and Vancouver, December 10—Mrs. M. M. Bowden, William Oliver, Mrs. and Mrs. W. Wilson, Dr. J. D. Dawson, Mrs. A. G. Martinson, M. Sides, Mr. and Mrs. T. Yamamoto, A. Kunihiro, A. and M. Kunihiro, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kerr and daughter, Mrs. A. Moore.

By str. Mauna Kea for Kona-Kauai, December 10—B. H. Anderson, Sam Pan, T. Kanae, L. S. August, H. I. Kinsale, P. A. Gorman, L. Macfarlane, Miss E. C. Greenwell, Julia Perry, Judge Lymer, Kobayashi, Master Chang, Mrs. Chang, John Henriques, Frank Kalani, Miss E. Paris, Miss Wallace, Mrs. Wallace, J. A. Maguire, R. W. Nawahie, Miss A. R. McAlia.

By str. Claudine, for Maui, December 10—Mrs. W. D. Baldwin, W. L.

# Honolulu Stock Exchange

DECEMBER 14, 1915.

NAME OF STOCK	CAPITAL PAID UP	PAR VAL.	NO.	1
<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>				
Alex. & Baldwin Ltd	\$1,000,000	100	100	
C. Barrett & Co.	\$1,000,000	100	100	
Susana				
Ewa	5,000,000	50	2554	27
1000,000	100	100	100	
Haw. Agricultural	2,000,000	100	100	
Haw. C. & S. Co.	1,000,000	100	100	
Haw. Sugar Co.	2,000,000	20	100	
Honolulu	2,000,000	20	100	
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